



 **Buy store brands.** You will get the same or similar product for a cheaper price. If your grocery store has a membership card, sign up for even more savings.

 **Make a shopping list and stick to it.** Make sure it includes everything needed for the upcoming week.



 **Don't shop when you're hungry.** You'll be more tempted by snack foods.



 **Buy in-season produce,** which is often easier to find, more flavorful, and less expensive. If you are not going to use them all right away, buy some that still need time to ripen.

 **Prepare yourself rather than buy ready-to-eat.** Buy vegetables and fruits in their simplest form. Pre-cut, pre-washed, ready-to-eat, and processed foods are convenient, but often cost much more than when purchased in their basic forms.

 **Buy canned or frozen fruits and vegetables.** For canned items, choose fruit canned in 100% fruit juice and vegetables with "low sodium" or "no salt added" on the label.

 **Buy in bulk.** It is almost always cheaper to buy foods in bulk. Smart choices are family packs of chicken, steak, or fish and larger bags of frozen vegetables. Before you shop, remember to check if you have enough freezer space.



 When time is tight, **consider making large batches** of your favorite recipes (by doubling or tripling the recipe). Freeze in individual containers. Use them throughout the week and you won't have to spend money on take-out meals.

For more information visit us at <https://5210.psu.edu> or email at 5210@psu.edu.

Website sources:

<http://www.choosemyplate.gov/budgetosemyplate.gov/budget>

<http://www.cnpp.usda.gov/USDAFoodPlansCostofFood>